

With the accessibility of the Internet today, children and youth can be easy targets for online scams and predators as they might take what they see at face value.



Online predators usually search social networks and target child-oriented screen names. They try to gain the trust of the user through a process called "grooming", which includes the following ways:

Looking for child-oriented screen names



Striking up a conversation that interest the child in developing an online relationship

Showing interest in the user and gaining their trust through themed chat rooms based on specific interests such as anime or comic books.

Searching through social networking site profiles



Building them up by complimenting them

Spending a lot of ≡ time online (especially at night)



Finding pornography on the computer

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Receiving phone 
calls, mail or gifts 
from people you do 
not know

Switching or

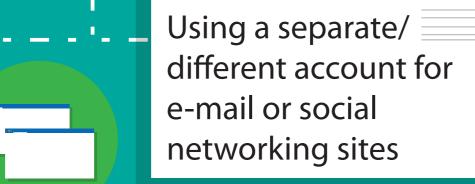
closing screens

quickly when a family

member approaches



Withdrawal from normal activities such as family gatherings





Be S.U.R.E. when you are looking for more information on online predators or child safety. Generally, website domains ending with the following are more credible:

.edu Educational

.gov Government

.mil Military

.org Organization

## References:

- http://www.familysafecomputers.org/predators.htm
- https://www.fbi.gov/stats-services/publications/parent-guide/parent-guide
- http://www.nlb.gov.sg/sure/snuffing-out-online-predators/
- http://www.internetsafety101.org/grooming.htm

To read more on S.U.R.E. infographics, please visit *nlb.gov.sg/sure/infographics* 

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